ments, and due to the long stipes, approaching 4.0 mm in length, the overall size is very large, occasionally attaining 8.0 mm . In C. alpina the sporangia are densely clustered so that the individual sperangia are always in contact with one another, the peridium is entirely evanescent, and due to the short stipes, 1.0 mm cr less in length, the overall size is much smaller, rarely attaining a maximum of 4.0 mm .

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California Vegetation-Type Maps Avallable.-Limited quantities of 21 vegeta-tion-type maps of topographic quadrangles in California have recently become available for free distribution. The maps show the dominant vegetation of parts of California as it existed about four decades ago. Colors and symbols denoting the vegetation types are overprinted on U. S. Geological Survey maps. Published in 1932-1940, the maps are the product of field work done in 1927-1934 by the Vege-tation-Type Map survey of the U.S. Forest Service. The vegetation types and field mapping procedures used in this survey have been described briefly in recent publication (Critchfield, William B. 1971. Profiles of California vegetation. USDA Forest Service Research Paper PSW-76. Pacific SW. Forest \& Range Exp. Sta., Berkeley, Calif.) Requests for copies of the maps, including map number and name, should be addressed to the Pacific Southwest Forest and Range Experiment Station, P. O. Box 245, Berkeley, California 94701.

List of Vegetation-Type Maps

|  |  | Location (NE corner) |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number | Name | Latitude | Longitude |
| 30-minute quadrangles: |  |  |  |
| 23 | Redding | $41^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $122^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| 153 | Elizabeth Lake | $35^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| 165 | San Gorgonio | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $116^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 175 | San Jacinto | $34^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $116^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 176 | Elsinore | $34^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| 177 | Corona | $34^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 181 | Ramona | $33^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $116^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 15-minute quadrangles: |  |  |  |
| 82C | San Mateo | $37^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | $122^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ |
| 161A | Santa Susana | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 161B | Piru | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ |
| 161C | Triunfo Pass | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $18^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ |
| 161D | Calabasas | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $18^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 162A | Tujunga | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| 162B | San Fernando | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ |
| 162D | Pasadena | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $118^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |
| 163A | San Antonio | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 163B | Rock Creek | $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ |
| 163C | Pomona | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ |
| 163D | Cucamonga | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| 164C | San Bernardino | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ |
| 164D | Redlands | $34^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $117^{\circ} 00^{\prime}$ |

